

Analysis of Packing Function  
Solutions for Monomeric  
Proteins

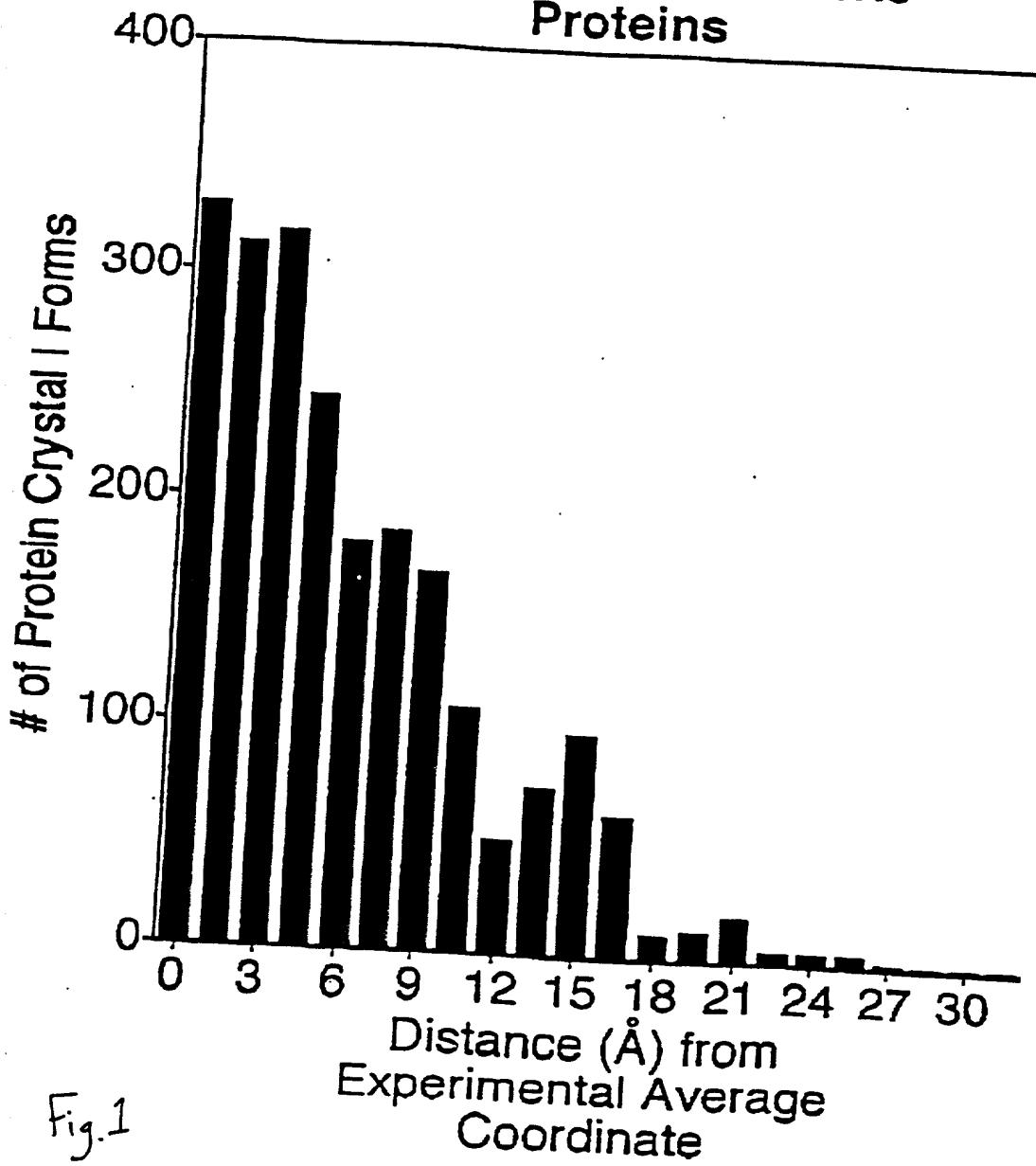


Fig. 1

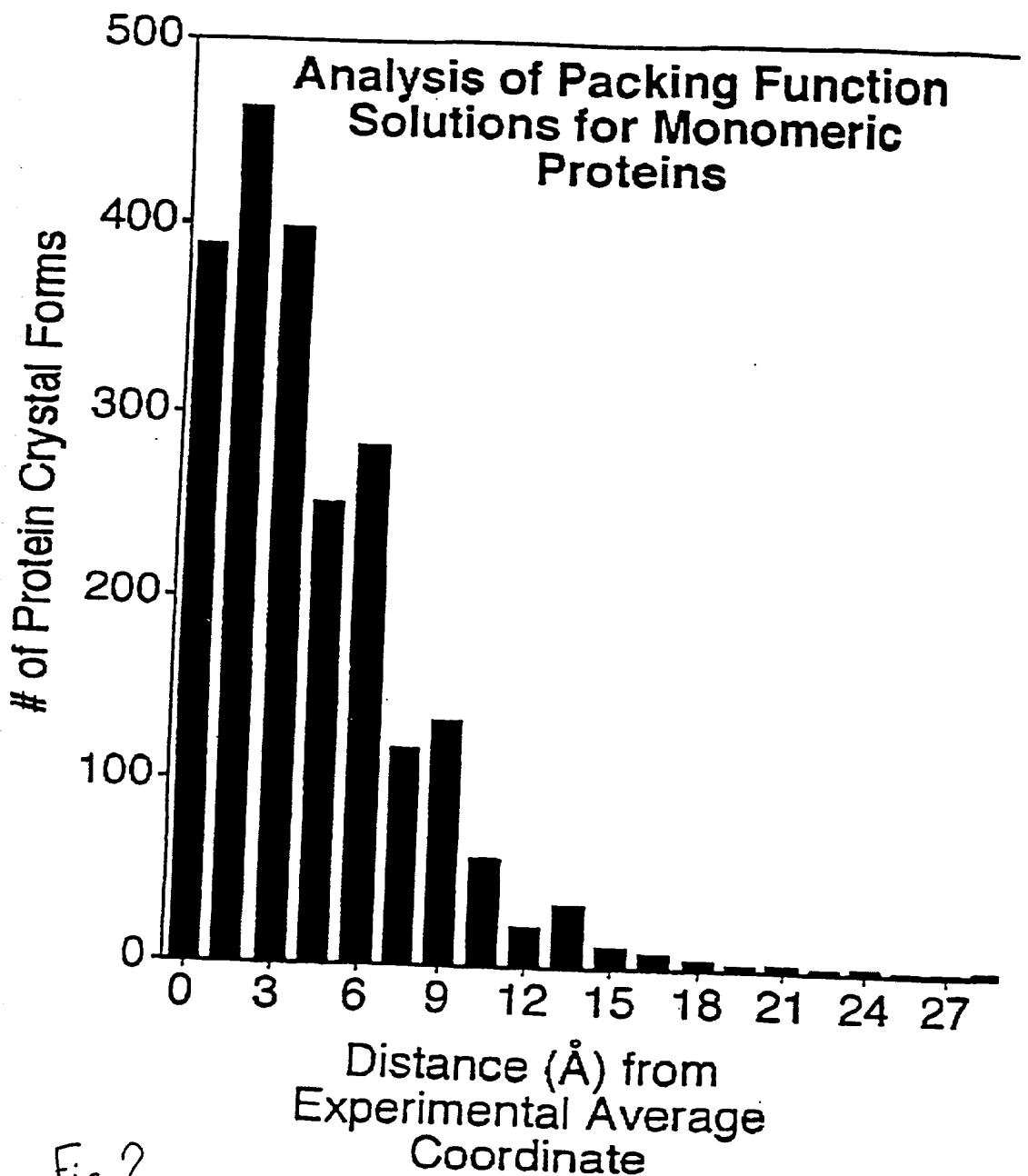
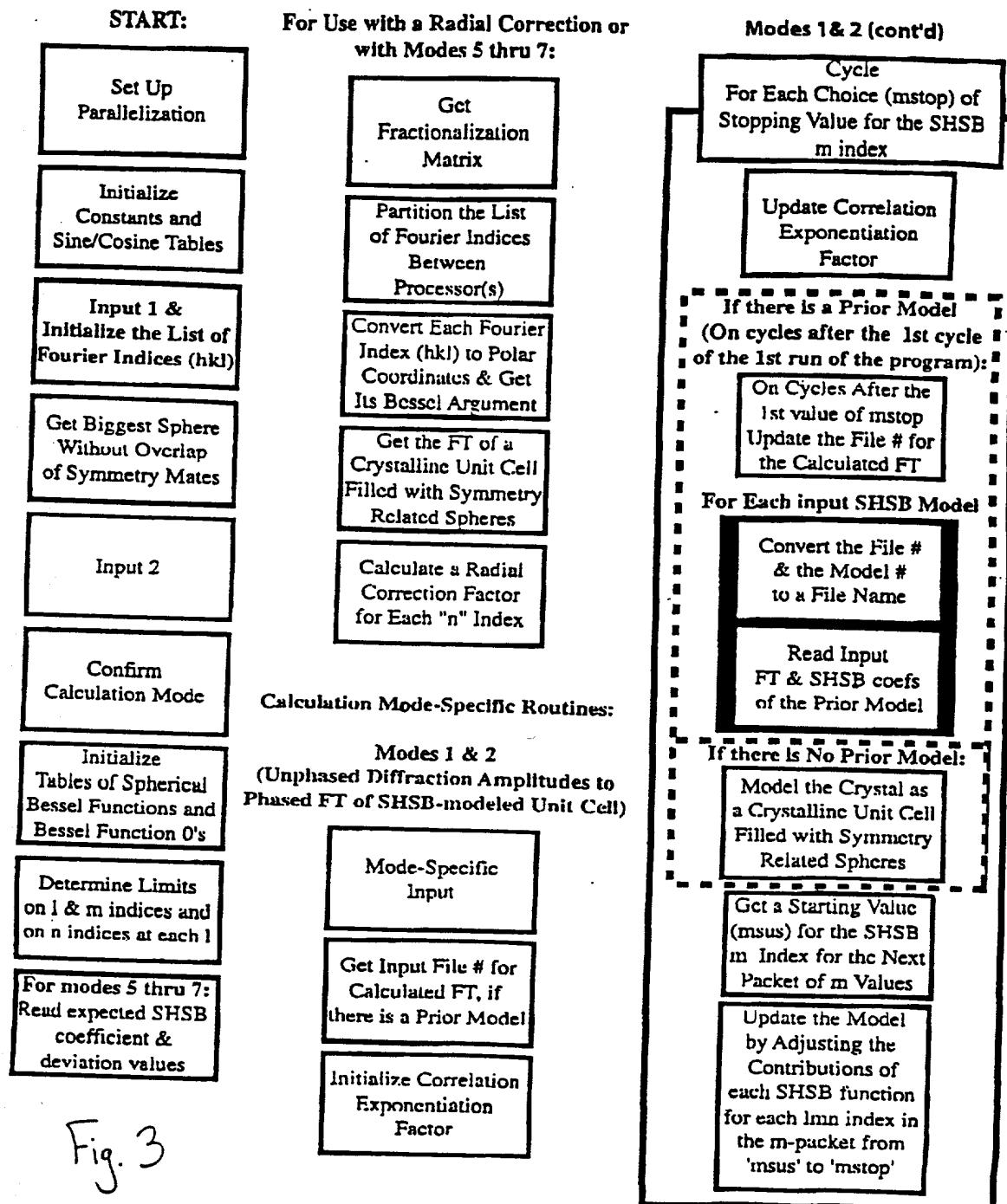


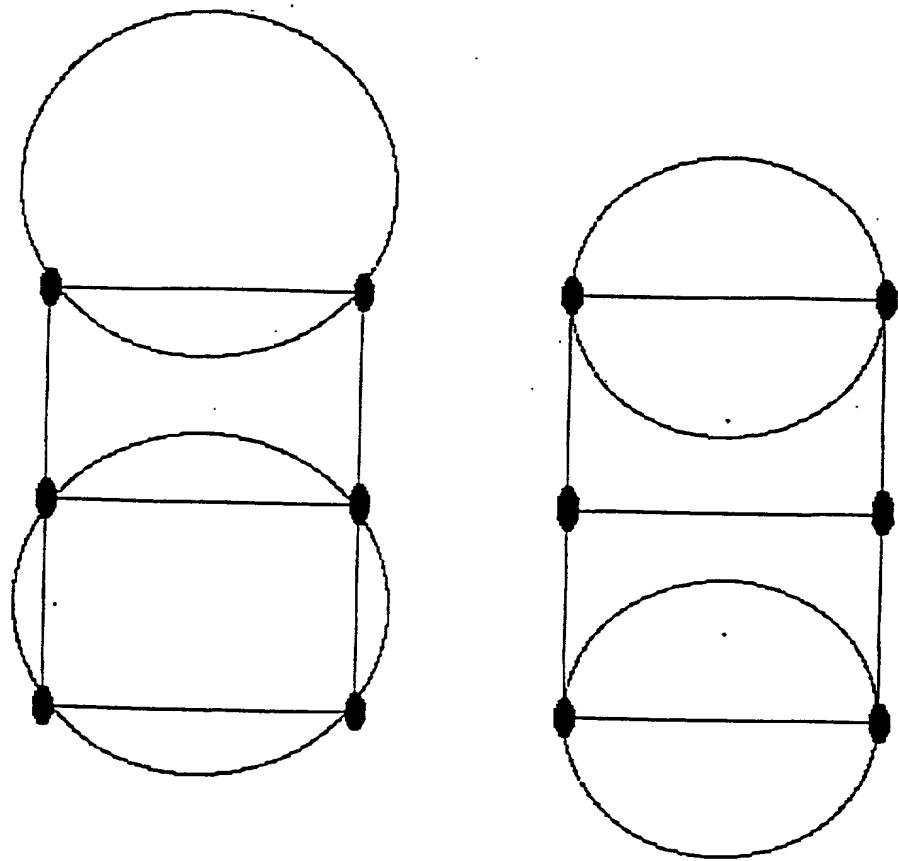
Fig. 2



Flow Chart for the Main Driver Program for "faizer": Options to compute a the FT of a SHSB Model of Crystal

Fig. 3

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**Figure 4** A schematic example: Two choices for filling the same portion of a crystal unit cell from an orthorhombic Spacegroup. Although the spheres on the right are smaller than those on the left, for some crystals, the local maximum in the packing on the right would be the packing of maximal consistency with the crystallographic data.

Figure 4.

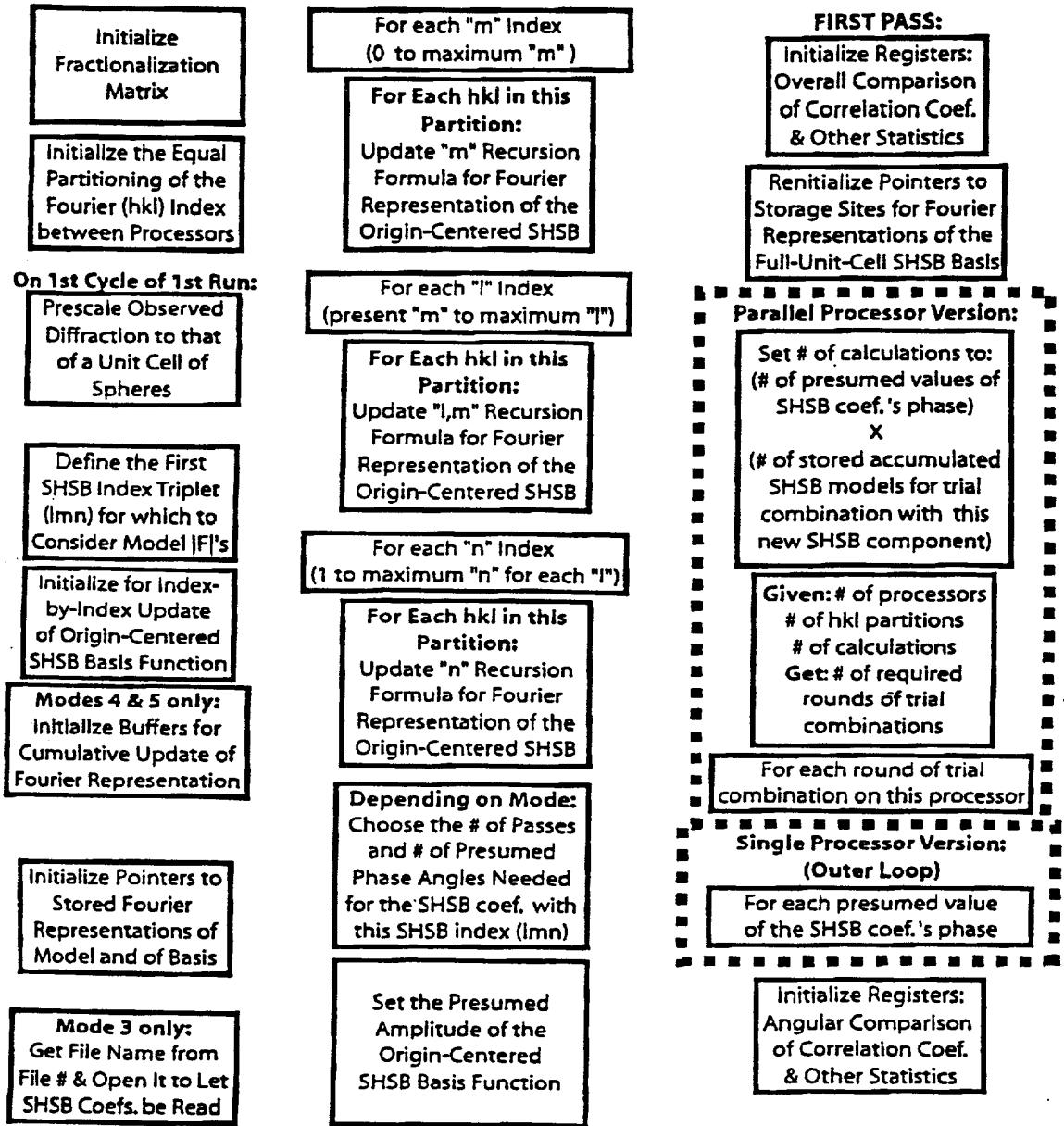


Fig. 5

## Identical Image from Expansions about Different Origins:

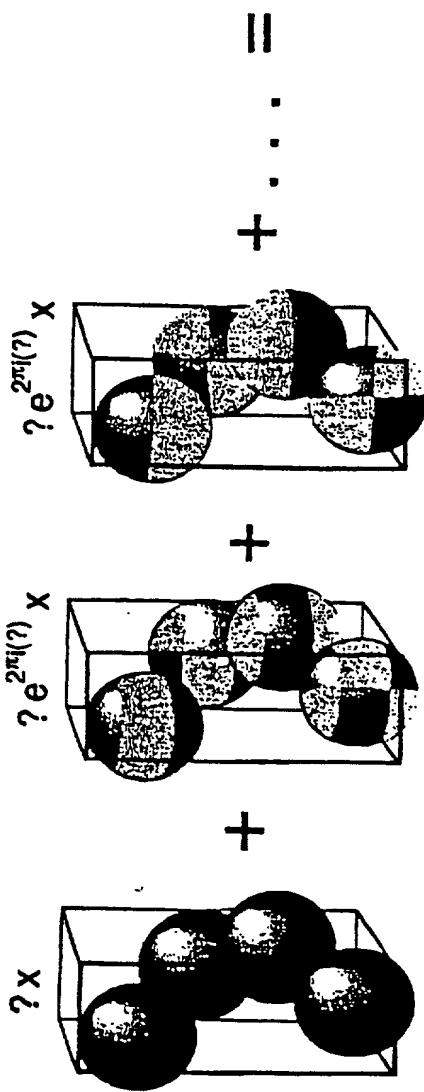
$$\begin{array}{r}
 11.22x + \text{circle} = \\
 0.93e^{2\pi i(1.0)}x + \text{circle} = \\
 4.31e^{2\pi i(0.4)}x + \text{circle} = \\
 10.01x + \text{circle} = \\
 0.31e^{2\pi i(0.78)}x + \text{circle} = \\
 8.31e^{2\pi i(1.2)}x + \text{circle} = \\
 \end{array}$$

## Symmetry Expanded Direct Space Basis Functions: 27/28

With a properly chosen origin, 45-55% of the unit cell can be expanded. (Most protein crystals are > 45% solvent.)

Fig. 6

## Component Direct Space Basis Functions:



## Component Fourier Transforms:

$$a_{001} F_{\text{sol0}}^{001}(\text{hkl}) + a_{211} F_{\text{sol0}}^{211}(\text{hkl}) + a_{111} F_{\text{sol0}}^{111}(\text{hkl}) + \dots = F_{\text{obs}}(\text{hkl})$$

$$a_{001} = \sum_{\text{hkl}} F_{\text{sol0}}^{001}(\text{hkl}) F_{\text{obs}}(\text{hkl}) \quad [\text{presume } \phi = 0.00 \text{ to start}]$$

$$F_{\text{accum}}(\text{hkl}) = a_{001} F_{\text{sol0}}^{001}(\text{hkl})$$

$$a_{211} = \sum_{\text{hkl}} F_{\text{sol0}}^{211}(\text{hkl}) (|F_{\text{obs}}(\text{hkl})| - |F_{\text{accum}}(\text{hkl})|) e^{2\pi \phi_{\text{accum}}^n(\text{hkl})}$$

$$F_{\text{accum}}^{n+1}(\text{hkl}) = F_{\text{accum}}^n(\text{hkl}) + a_{211} F_{\text{sol0}}^{211}(\text{hkl})$$

Fig 1